

Safety Data Sheet

Oxygen Sensor

SDS Revision Date:

10/04/2023

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity

Oxygen Sensor

Alternate Names

Electrochemical Oxygen Sensors, all classes except R-19, Micro-Fuel Cells and Super Cells, all classes except A-2C and A-5, Mini-Micro-Fuel Cells, all classes.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

See Technical Data Sheet.

Application Method

See Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name

Teledyne Instruments/Analytical Instruments
16830 Chestnut Street
Industry, CA 91748. USA

Emergency

CHEMTREC (USA)

(800) 424-9300

Customer Service: Teledyne Instruments/Analytical Instruments

626-934-1500

Technical Support: 626-934-1673

Environment, Health and Safety: 626-934-1592

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corr. 1A;H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1;H318

Causes serious eye damage.

Carc. 1A;H350

May cause cancer.

Aquatic Acute 1;H400

Very toxic to aquatic life.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H350 May cause cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

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[Prevention]:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]:

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Lead Compounds (as Pb) CAS Number: 0007439-92-1	50 - 75	Carc. 1A;H350 Aquatic Acute 1;H400	[1][2]
Potassium hydroxide. CAS Number: 0001310-58-3	1.0 - 10	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Skin Corr. 1A;H314	[1][2]

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth and slowly drink several glasses of water. Call a physician. Do NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview	<p>Routes of Entry:</p> <p>Inhalation: Highly unlikely.</p> <p>Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed.</p> <p>Skin: The electrolyte (potassium hydroxide) is corrosive; skin contact may cause irritation or severe chemical burns.</p> <p>Eyes: The electrolyte (potassium hydroxide) is corrosive; eye contact may cause irritation or severe chemicals burns.</p> <p>Acute Effects: The electrolyte is harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. It is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes, stomach, mouth, upper respiratory tract, eyes and skin.</p> <p>Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Contact of electrolyte with skin or eyes will cause a burning sensation and/or feel soapy or slippery to touch.</p> <p>Other symptoms of exposure to lead include loss of sleep, loss of appetite, metallic taste and fatigue. For additional exposure information refer to 29 CFR 1910.1025, Appendix A - Substance Data Sheet for Occupational Exposure to Lead.</p> <p>Possible cancer hazard. Contains an ingredient which may cause cancer based on animal data (See Section 3 and Section 15 for each ingredient). Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</p> <p>See section 2 for further details.</p>
Eyes	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Chronic effects	<p>Chronic Effects: Prolonged exposure with the electrolyte has a destructive effect on tissue.</p> <p>Chronic exposure to lead may cause disease of blood and blood forming organs, kidneys and liver, damage to the reproductive systems and decrease in fertility in men and women, and damage to the fetus of a pregnant woman. Chronic exposure from the lead contained in this product is extremely unlikely.</p> <p>Carcinogenicity: Lead is classified by the IARC as a class 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans).</p> <p>OSHA: Where airborne lead exposures exceed the OSHA action level, refer to OSHA Lead Standard 1910.1025.</p>

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NTP: NA

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Lead exposure may aggravate disease of the blood and blood forming organs, hypertension, kidneys, nervous and possibly reproductive systems. Those with preexisting skin disorders or eye problems may be more susceptible to the effects of the electrolyte.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use standard fire fighting media on surrounding materials including water spray, foam, and carbon dioxide. (Do not use dry chemical extinguisher containing ammonium compounds.)

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Toxic fumes.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear NIOSH/OSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes.

Sealed containers may develop explosive pressures under fire conditions. Use water to cool containers exposed to fire.

ERG Guide No. ----

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wipe down the area several times with a wet paper towel. Use a fresh towel each time. Contaminated paper towels are considered hazardous waste.

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7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Note : The oxygen sensors are sealed and under normal circumstances the contents of the sensors do not present a health hazard. The following information is given as a guide in the event that a cell leaks.

Protective measures during cell replacement:

Before opening the bag containing the sensor cell, check the sensor cell for leakage. If the sensor cell leaks, do not open the bag. If there is liquid around the cell while in the instrument, put on gloves and eye protection before removing the sensor cell.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers should be stored in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Exercise due caution to prevent damage to or leakage from the container. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Incompatible materials: Aluminum, organic materials, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, magnesium, copper. Avoid contact with acids and hydrogen peroxide >52%.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0001310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide.	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	Ceiling: 2 mg/m3
		NIOSH	C 2 mg/m3
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0007439-92-1	Lead Compounds (as Pb)	OSHA	[1910.1025] TWA 0.050 mg/m3
		ACGIH	TWA: 0.05 mg/m3R, 2B, 2A
		NIOSH	TWA (8-hour) 0.050 mg/m3
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0001310-58-3	Potassium hydroxide.	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0007439-92-1	Lead Compounds (as Pb)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: Yes
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: Yes
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

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8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Chemical splash goggles.
Skin	Apron, face shield Wear gloves. Gloves must be resistant to corrosive materials. Nitrile or PVC gloves are suitable. Do not use cotton or leather gloves.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Article - Solid
Odor	None
Odor threshold	Not Measured
pH	Not Measured
Melting point / freezing point	>328 C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>1320 C
Flash Point	Not Measured
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Not Measured
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured
Vapor pressure (Pa)	Not Measured
Vapor Density	Not Measured
Specific Gravity	Not Measured
Solubility in Water	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Measured
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Measured

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

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10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Incompatible with strong oxidizers, leather and halogenated compounds. Product will react with 'soft' metals such as aluminum, tin, magnesium, and zinc releasing flammable hydrogen gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Aluminum, organic materials, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, magnesium, copper. Avoid contact with acids and hydrogen peroxide >52%.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Toxic fumes.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Lead Compounds (as Pb) - (7439-92-1)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Potassium hydroxide. - (1310-58-3)	365.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)	---	Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	---	Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Skin sensitization	---	Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity	---	Not Applicable

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Carcinogenicity	1A	May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	---	Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	---	Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	---	Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard	---	Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Lead Compounds (as Pb) - (7439-92-1)	0.44, Cyprinus carpio	4.40, Daphnia magna	0.25 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Potassium hydroxide. - (1310-58-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Lead is bioaccumulative in most aquatic life and mammals. It is highly mobile as lead dust or fume, yet forms complexes with organic material which limits its mobility.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Wastes and emptied containers should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act.

Using information provided in this data sheet advice should be obtained from the Waste Regulation Authority, whether the special waste regulations apply.

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14. Transport information

DOT:

Regulated. Refer to Small Quantity Exceptions: 49 CFR 173.4.

UN3266, Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s., (potassium hydroxide, lead), 8, II NOTE: This description is used for shipping purposes when not using Teledyne's US DOT Approval.

UN3363, Dangerous Goods in Machinery or Dangerous Goods in Apparatus, 9. NOTE: This description is used when shipping under the US DOT Approval.

IATA: Regulated. Refer to IATA Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities Sec. 2.7.

Environmental hazards

IMDG

Marine Pollutant: Yes (Lead Compounds (as Pb))

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview

The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

**Toxic Substance
Control Act (TSCA)**

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS Classification

D2A E

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: No

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Lead Compounds (as Pb) (10.00)

Potassium hydroxide. (1,000.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous :

(No Product Ingredients Listed)

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

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Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Potassium hydroxide.

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Potassium hydroxide.

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H350 May cause cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. While the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be correct and is offered for your information, consideration and investigation, Teledyne Analytical Instruments assumes no responsibility of the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

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